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Greetings

Part A 基础巩固

	单词	拼写
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1. In China the family name comes first and the g name comes last				
2. He uses a c to solve (解决) the	problem.			
3. I often talk with my friends o				
4. Do you want to go shopping lt	today?			
5. It is bad m to interrupt others v	while they are speaking.			
6. Something(不寻常的) was ab	oout to happen.			
7. It is a breathtaking car(比赛).				
8. It is my second day in(日本).				
9. Can you(出示) me your photo	os?			
10. Your life is your(自己的) aft	fair.			
单项选择				
1. —Nice to meet you.				
<u></u> .				
A. Hello	B. Thank you			
C. Nice to meet you, too	D. I'm fine			
2. —May I have your name, please?				
<u> </u>				
A. Yes, please.	B. My name is Jim Green.			
C. And you?	D. What's your name please?			
3. It is wrong a lie.				
A. tell	B. tells			
C. to tell	D. told			
4. You should her when you first	see her.			
A. shake hand with	B. shake hands with			



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C. shake hand to	D. shake hands to	
5. Each country has its own way	people.	
A. greet	B. of greeting	
C. greeting	D. greeted	
6. —What's your major here?		
—I maths.		
A. major	B. major with	
C. major to	D. major in	
7. —Could you please help me carry th	is box to my office?	
<u> </u>		
A. My pleasure	B. With pleasure	
C. No, I can't	D. Of course, you can	
8. There is house in the	picture. There is	old woman near
house.		
A. an, a, the	B. a, an, the	
C. the, a, an	D. a, the, an	
9. There are sixty minutes in	hour.	
A. a	B. an	
C. the	D. /	
10. —Here's a postcard for you, Jim!		
— Oh, is from my frien	d, Mary.	
A. he	B. it	
C. she	D. it's	
11. —How do you like the book?		
—It's fantastic. I like those	in the book.	
A. hero	B. heroes	
C. heros	D. heroers	
12. —It's dangerous here. We'd better g	go out quickly.	
—But I think we should let	go out first.	
A. woman and children	B. women and child	
C. woman and child	D. women and children	
13. —They are thirsty. Could you pleas	e give them?	
—Certainly.		
A. some bottles of waters	B. some bottles of water	
C. some bottle of water	D. some bottle of waters	



	14. Don't worry about your broken pen. You can use				
	A. my	B. me			
	C. mine	D. yours			
	15. —My pencil is different from				
	— But is the same as mine.				
	A. Tom, yours	B. Tom, your			
	C. Tom's, your	D. Tom's, yours			
	情景对话				
	A. How are you?				
	B. What's your name?				
	C. Good morning.				
	D. My family name is Green.				
	E. Nice to meet you, too.				
	F. I am 16 years old.				
	G. I'm fine, too.				
	A: Good morning. B:1 A: My name is Li Lei2				
	B: My name is Wei Hua. Nice to meet you.				
	A:3				
	B: Li Lei, this is Jim. Jim, this is Li Lei.				
	C: Hello4				
	B: Fine, thank you. And you?				
	C:5 Thanks.				
(IV)	完成句子				
	1. 我能知道你的名字吗? Iyour name?				
	2. 很高兴见到你。				
	you. 3. 顺便问一下,你来自哪里?				
		are you from?			
	, where are you from?				



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4. 对我们来说,学好英语很重要。	
important us	learn English well.
5. 他们的学校与我们中国的学校不一样。	
Their school is our	school in China.
Part B	能力提升
● 完形填空	
一 元形填至	
English names and Chinese names are quite	e different in some1 ways, but it's
not hard for us to know.	
Unlike Chinese, most English people have _	2 names. One is their family name,
and both of the other names are given names. T	heir family name is 3 the given
name. They use Mr., Mrs. or Miss with the4_	name, but they never use 5 with
the first name. For example, we can6	a man named James Allan Green Mr.
Green,7 we can't call him Mr.	James or Mr. Allan. People usually use
Jim8 James. Jim is short for James be	cause it's to remember.
But Chinese names are the opposite. A girl	with the name Han Limei her
family name Han first. Of course, she can be cal	led Ah Mei for short in China if you wish.
1. A. another	B. other
C. others	D. the others
2. A. one	B. two
C. three	D. four
3. A. above	B. front
C. back	D. behind
4. A. last	B. given
C. middle	D. full
5. A. their	B. them
C. its	D. it
6. A. ask	B. say
C. call	D. write
7. A. so	B. or
C. and	D. but



8. A. instead of	B. for long
C. so far	D. next to
9. A. important	B. easy
C. difficult	D. interesting
10. A. put	B. putting
C. puts	D. was put

● 阅读理解



My name is Max. I am twelve years old. I have many friends. Most of them are as old as me. Some are older. Some are younger.

My best friend is Bill. He lives near me. We go to the same school and we are in the same class. Bill helps me with my maths homework. I help him with his English homework. Bill is taller than me. He is quite fat. He doesn't like sports, so he doesn't get much exercise. We both have black eyes, but Bill's hair is longer. I like sports and I play football or go swimming every day. Every Sunday morning Bill and I play computer games together. Sometimes I win. Sometimes he wins.

1. The main idea (主题) of the text is	.
A. Max has many friends	B. Max and Bill go to the same school
C. Max and Bill are best friends	D. Max and Bill like the same things
2. Most of Max's friends are	
A. twelve years old	B. older than Max
C. younger than Max	D. thirteen years old
3. Max and Bill live	
A. near each other	B. in different towns
C. in the same house	D. in the school
4. Max helps Bill with	
A. his maths homework	B. his English homework
C. his sports lessons	D. his computer lessons
5. Max and Bill both like to	<u>.</u>
A. swim	B. play football
C. play computer games	D. play sports

Uncle Wang works in a book shop in the middle of the city. The shop is not far from his



home. It is about one kilometre away. So Uncle Wang seldom (很少) goes to work by bus. He usually goes there by bike, sometimes on foot. It takes (花费) him twenty minutes to get there by bike and forty minutes on foot. Today his bike is broken. He wants to walk there. Now he is having breakfast. He leaves home at ten minutes to eight and he walks to work twenty minutes earlier. His work starts at half past eight in the morning and finishes at a quarter to five in the afternoon.

6. What does Uncle Wang do?	
A. He sells books	B. He grows flowers
C. He makes shoes	D. He works in a hospital
7. Why does Uncle Wang seldom go to work	by bus? Because
A. there is no bus	B. his shop is not far from his home
C. he likes riding a bike	D. his shop isn't in the middle of the city
8. How long does it take Uncle Wang to wal	k to his book shop?
A. Twenty minutes	B. Forty minutes.
C. Ten minutes	D. Half an hour
9. What time does Uncle Wang usually leave	e home by bike?
A. At ten minutes to eight.	B. At half past eight.
C. At ten minutes past eight.	D. At twenty minutes past eight.
10. Uncle Wang usually gets back home from	n work at in the afternoon.
A. 4:45	B. 5:15
C. 4:55	D. 5:05
C	谱

In England, traffic keeps on the left. Cars, buses and bikes all move on the left side of the road. So when you are in England, you must be very careful in the streets. Before you cross a street you must stop and look both ways. Look right and look left and look right again. If the traffic lights are red, the traffic must stop. Then the people on foot can cross the road. If the traffic lights are green, the traffic can go. People on foot mustn't cross.

In the morning and in the evening, when people go to or come back from work, the streets are very busy. Traffic is the most dangerous (危险的).

When you go by bus in England, you have to be careful, too. Always remember the traffic moves on the left. Have a look first or (否则) you will go the wrong way.

In many English cities, there are big buses with two floors. You can sit on the second floor. From there you can see the city very well. It's very interesting.



11. When you are in England you must ren	nember that
A. you'd better go by bus	B. the traffic goes on the left
C. the streets are very busy	D. there are many cars and buses on the road
12. People on foot can go across the road v	vhen
A. the traffic lights are red	B. they look to the right
C. they come back from work	D. the traffic lights are yellow
13. When you go by bus in England, you n	nust be careful because
A. you may go the wrong way	B. there are too many buses
C. there are big buses with two floors	D. there are not any traffic lights
14. Some people enjoy sitting on the secon	d floor of a big bus because
A. it is less dangerous	B. it can make roads safer
C. they can have a better view of the ci	ty D. there are fewer passengers
15. The best title for this passage is	
A. Buses in England	B. Traffic in England
C. Traveling in England	D. Traffic Lights in England

● 写作

假如你是Wang Ming, 根据自己的实际情况完成表格, 并用英语写一段话, 介绍你和你的朋友Lily的情况。要求字数不少于50个。

Name	Age	From	Class	Grade	Telephone Number
Wang Ming					
Lily	15	England	4	1	(010)8769-5419